

# Bulk Indium Arsenide BH-703 / 706 **Hall** Sensors

## Three Axis

### Description

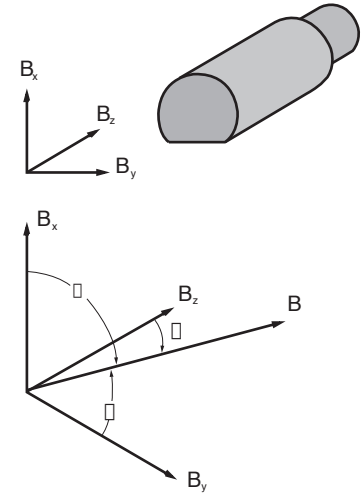
The BH-703 multi-axis Hall sensor consists of three individual Hall elements oriented in mutually perpendicular planes and encapsulated in a small epoxy package. This enables the BH-703 to produce voltages proportional to the three orthogonal components ( $B_x$ ,  $B_y$ ,  $B_z$ ) of a magnetic flux in any direction. Thus the BH-703 may be permanently mounted or arbitrarily oriented to sense fields in any direction.

The magnitude of the flux vector,  $B$ , can be found using the following relation:

$$B = \sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2 + B_z^2}$$

The flux direction may be found using the following relations:

$\alpha = \cos^{-1} B_x / B$ ,  $\beta = \cos^{-1} B_y / B$ ,  $\gamma = \cos^{-1} B_z / B$  where  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  are the angles between  $B$  and  $B_x$ ,  $B_y$ ,  $B_z$  respectively.

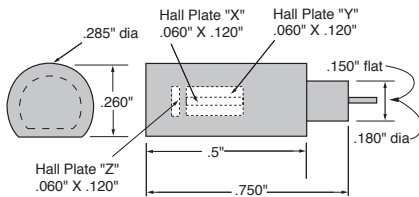


### Features

- Three Axis, simultaneous measurement
- Instrumentation Quality

### Mechanical Specifications

- Notes: All tolerances unless specified are  $\pm 0.010"$ .  
Unless otherwise noted:  $B=1\text{kG}$ ,  $I_c=I_{cN}$ ,  $T=25^\circ\text{C}$ , Static air.
- Leads: #34 AWG copper with polyurethane insulation, approximately 20" long. The BH-703 has 12 leads.
- Polarity: When the magnetic field vectors are oriented as shown, and  $I_c$  enters the red lead, the positive Hall voltage appears at the blue leads.



### Electrical Specifications

SPECIFICATIONS	UNITS	BH-703	BH-706
Input resistance, $R_{in}$	ohms	3.5 max.	3 max.
Output resistance, $R_{out}$	ohms	3.5 max.	3 max.
Magnetic sensitivity, $V_H$ (loaded)	mV/kG	5.5 to 10	6 to 9
Max. resistive residual voltage, $V_M @ B=0$	$\pm V$	100	200
Max. control current @25°C, static air	mA	300	300
Nominal control current	mA	100	100
Angularity	degrees	Hall plates 3 within $\pm 2$	Hall plates 2 within $\pm 2$
Sensitivity matching	$\pm\%$ of RDG	1	1
Max. linearity error, (-10 kG to +10 kG) with $R_{lin}$	$\pm\%$ of RDG	1	1
Mean temperature coefficient of $V_H$ (-20°C to +80°C)	$\%/^\circ\text{C}$	-0.04 max.	-0.04 max.
Mean temperature coefficient of resistance (-20°C to +80°C)	$\%/^\circ\text{C}$	+0.15 max.	+0.15 max.
Temperature dependence of resistive residual voltage (-20°C to +80°C)	$\mu V/^\circ\text{C}$	0.5 max.	0.5 max.
Operating temperature range	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40 to +100	-40 to +100
Storage temperature range	$^\circ\text{C}$	-40 to +120	-40 to +120

## Two Axis

### Description

The BH-706 multi-axis Hall sensor consists of two Hall elements mounted in mutually perpendicular planes and encapsulated in a small epoxy package. This enables the BH-706 to produce voltages proportional to two perpendicular components ( $B_x$ ,  $B_y$ ) of a magnetic field. Thus the BH-706 may be permanently mounted to sense field components in its X, Y planes.

The magnitude of the flux vector, B within the X, Y plane can be found using the following equation:

$$B = \sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2}$$

The direction of B can be computed using the following equation:

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} B_y / B_x$$

where  $\theta$  is the angle between B and  $B_x$ .

### Mechanical Specifications

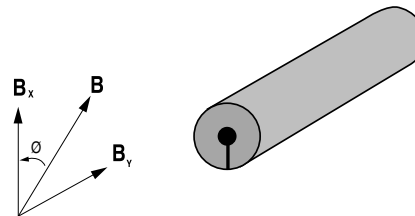
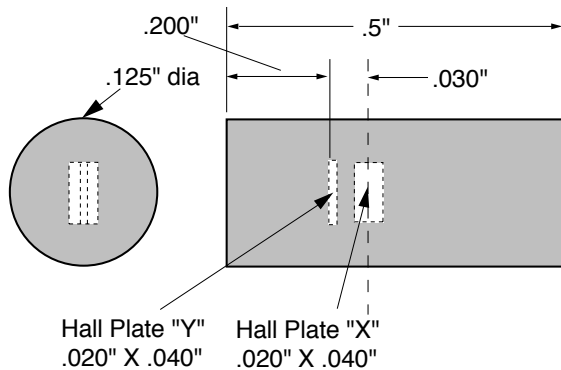
Leads: #34 AWG copper with polyurethane insulation, approximately 20" long. The BH-706 has 8 leads.

Polarity: When the magnetic field vectors are oriented as shown, and  $I_c$  enters the red leads, the positive Hall voltage appears at the blue leads.

Note: All tolerances unless specified are  $\pm 0.010"$ .

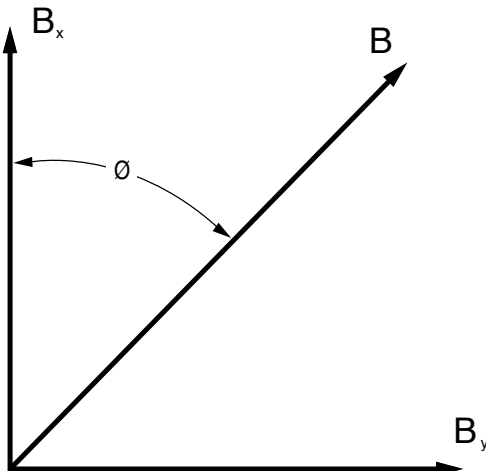
### Features

- Two Axis, simultaneous measurement
- Instrumentation Quality



Unless otherwise noted:

$B = 1 \text{ kG}$ ,  $I_c = I_{cn}$ ,  $T = 25 \text{ C}$ , Static air.



Note: Due to continuous process improvement, specifications subject to change without notice.